



Cruise Ships Against Plastic Pollution in the Mediterranean

A Good Practice Guide

ISOTECH Ltd Environmental Research and Consultancy







This Guide was produced with the financial assistance of Beyond Plastic Med (www.beyondplasticmed.org).

The contents of this Guide are the sole responsibility of ISOTECH Ltd Environmental Research and Consultancy.





BOUT THE PROJECT AND THIS GUIDE

This Guide has been developed within the framework of the project "Cruise Ships Against Plastic Pollution in the Mediterranean" which is supported and endorsed by the Cypriot Deputy Ministry of Shipping, and funded by Beyond Plastic Med.

The overall objective of the project is to reduce plastic waste and specifically single-use plastics generated on cruise ships operating in the Mediterranean and promote effective waste management practices on cruise ships and at port reception facilities.

This will be achieved by encouraging and supporting key actors within the shipping industry to adopt practices that can be applied on ships to minimize their consumption of single-use plastics, reduce the amount of litter that they produce, and thus contribute to the overall reduction of marine pollution.

This Guide is a key tool to help meet the project's goals as it includes effective and easily applicable practices that can be implemented both by ship management companies and seafarers to ensure that waste on board is minimised. The practices included within the Guide take into consideration the most recent policy developments at the European level, including the European Green Deal, the promotion of the Circular Economy and the Single-Use Plastics Directive, which will come into force in the summer of 2021.





MAKINF ITTER & SHIPPING **NDISTRY**

Marine litter is recognised as one of the most significant environmental threats to our planet. While a huge variety of materials and items is found in the marine environment, plastic has been recognized as the most abundant and persistent form of marine litter globally, with a recent study suggesting that over 5 trillion plastic pieces are currently floating around the world's oceans. In its larger forms, such as for example plastic bags, plastic can cause the entanglement and suffocation of marine wildlife. However, in the marine environment, plastic does not biodegrade but rather breaks down into continuously smaller pieces, until it forms microplastics (fragments smaller than 5mm), which be ingested by marine wildlife. These can microplastics can severely incapacitate marine wildlife since animals that ingest them feel satiated while they are in fact starving to death. Perhaps more worrying is the fact that microplastics also transfer organic pollutants to marine animals and consequently to our food chain, as ingested microplastics have been identified in marine organisms destined for human consumption. The effect that this can have on human health is still uncertain!





Marine litter is an economic problem as well. For most countries in the Mediterranean, tourism is a key economic activity, largely dependent on the sunshine and their pristine coasts and beaches. However, tourists are unlikely to return to an area that is polluted with marine litter, therefore the elimination of litter and the preservation of the Mediterranean beauty should be priorities, not just for civil society and public authorities, but for coastal and marine tourism stakeholders as well. This of course includes the cruise ship industry, which is a major player in the Mediterranean.

The total number of cruise passenger visits at Mediterranean ports in 2019 reached 31.2 million, showing a significant increase compared to 2018, when the number of passenger visits was 27.9 million. As the influx of passengers grows, cruise ship generated waste also grows. Unsurprisingly, the most common type of waste collected on an annual basis from ships is plastics. While detailed data are not available, due to the nature of the operation of cruise ships it is probable that single-use plastics make up a significant proportion of the plastic waste produced on board.





A MARINE LITTER & SHIPPING INDUSTRY

Single-use plastics constitute over 70% of all marine litter items, posing a serious threat to marine ecosystems and to human health, and causing serious economic damage to the tourism and shipping industry. This is why the European Commission adopted the Single-Use Plastics Directive, which will come into force in July 2021 in all Member States. The Directive will ban or restrict the use of the most common types of single-use plastics that end up in the marine environment (see Table 1). Therefore, citizens and industry alike will have to prepare for this Directive and adapt their purchasing practices and supply chains accordingly.

This Guide seeks to support the cruise industry in its preparation for meeting the requirements of the Single-Use Plastics Directive by bridging potential information and awareness gaps and by engaging key stakeholder groups and encouraging them to make a difference by incorporating more sustainable practices in their cruise ships and thus contributing to the fight against plastic marine pollution!





Table 1: Measures for Single-Use Plastics included in the EU Directive

ITEM	Ban	Reduce use	Awareness raising
Balloon sticks	Ø		
Cutlery, stirrers, straws and plates	\mathbf{x}		
 Cotton swab sticks	\mathbf{x}		
Expanded polystyrene products	\mathbf{x}		
Oxodegradable plastic products	\mathbf{x}		
Drink Bottles (up to 3L - allowed only if caps remain attached)			Ø
Drink cups		\mathbf{x}	\mathbf{x}





Extended Producer Responsibility

Marking Requirements

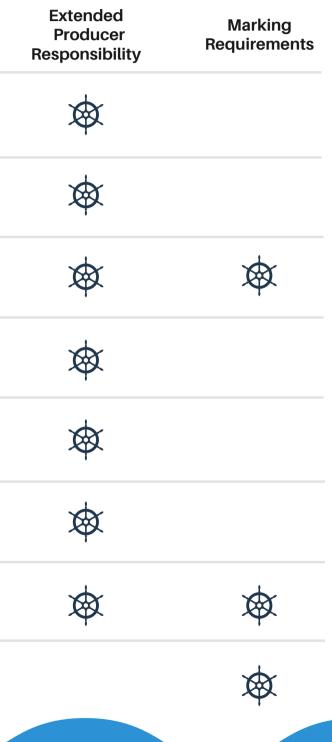




Table 1: Measures for Single-Use Plastics included in the EU Directive

	ITEM	Ban	Reduce use	Awareness raising
	Food Containers		\bigotimes	\bigotimes
	Fishing Equipment		\bigotimes	\bigotimes
	Wet wipes for personal hygiene and household use			\mathbf{x}
	Thin plastic bags			\bigotimes
	Balloons			\mathbf{x}
PENER	Snack bags & wrappers			\mathbf{x}
	Cigarette butts			\bigotimes
	Sanitary pads, tampons and tampon applicators			Ø





Source: DIRECTIVE (EU) 2019/904 OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND OF THE COUNCIL of 5 June 2019 on the reduction of the impact of certain plastic products on the environment.

GREEN DEAL and CIRCULAR ECONOMY on cruise ships

In December 2019, the European Commission presented the European Green Deal. It is a new development strategy aimed at transforming the European Union into a just and prosperous society with a modern, competitive and resource-efficient economy, in which, by 2050 net greenhouse gas emissions will be zero and economic growth will be decoupled from resource use. It also aims to protect, preserve and strengthen the EU's natural capital, as well as to protect the health and wellbeing of its citizens from risks and effects related to the environment.

One of the main parts of the European Green Deal is the Action Plan to enhance the efficient use of resources by moving to a Circular Economy. The Circular Economy refers to economic development that moves away from the linear model of build-use-discard, towards a model where products are designed for reuse and waste is viewed as a resource. Therefore, the Circular Economy Action Plan announces initiatives throughout the life cycle of products, aiming at their design, the promotion of circular economy processes, the promotion of sustainable consumption, with the aim of ensuring that the resources used will be maintained in the economy for as long as possible.

The European Green Deal, the Circular Economy Action Plan and the Single-Use Plastics Directive cannot bring the desired results, if we do not act at the individual and corporate level.

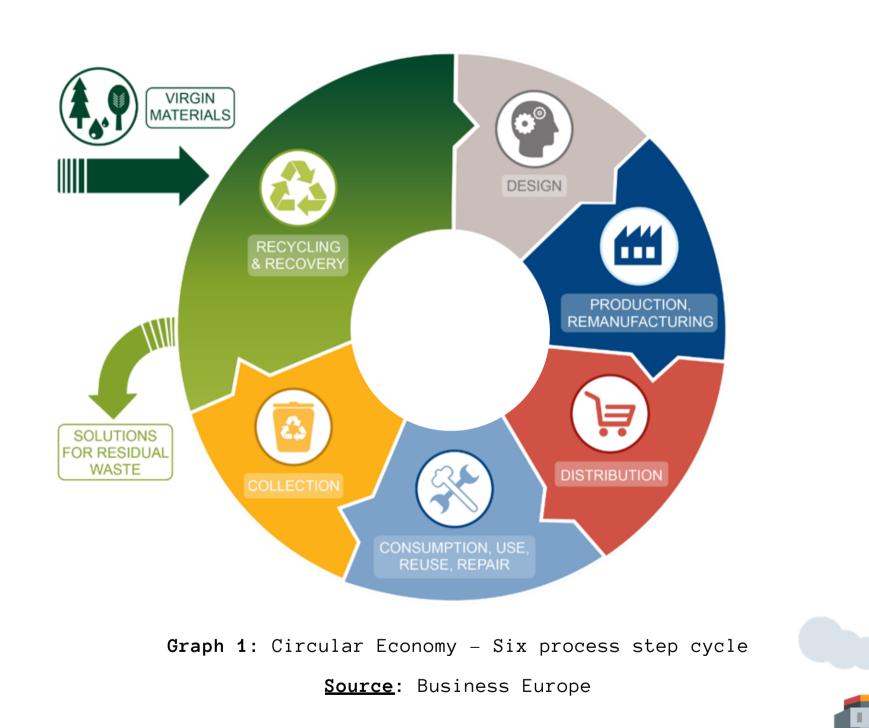




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GREEN DEAL and CIRCULAR ECONOMY on cruise ships



The best practices and tips included within this Guide, have been designed with individual and corporate responsibility at their core, and take a circular approach to the issue of plastics and plastic waste management!





COVID-19 and new sustainable regularity

66 The crisis brought by the global pandemic has shaken the shipping sector, and especially the cruise ship sector, causing incalculable damage. This may be the right time to reflect, the opportunity to see the world from a new perspective. Nothing is as vital and important as the health and well-being of our planet. Let's not go back to our old ways. The new normal can be cleaner, more sustainable for the cruise ship greener and industry. This is an opportunity not to be missed and a future worth investing in! 99





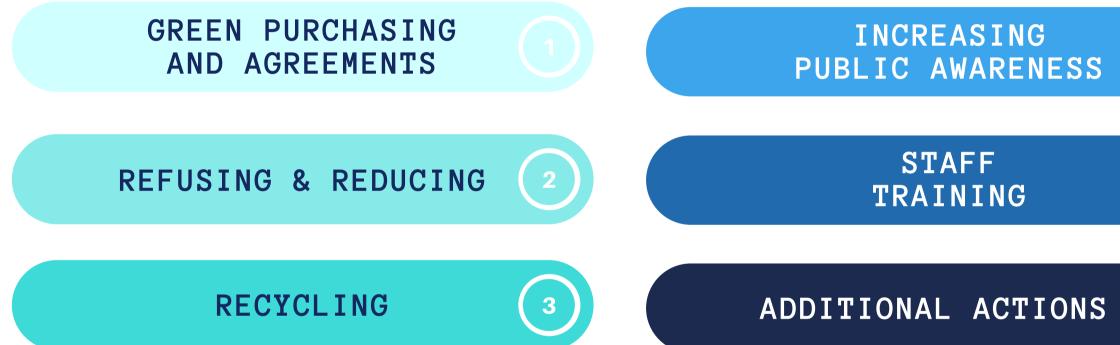
GOOD PRACTICES

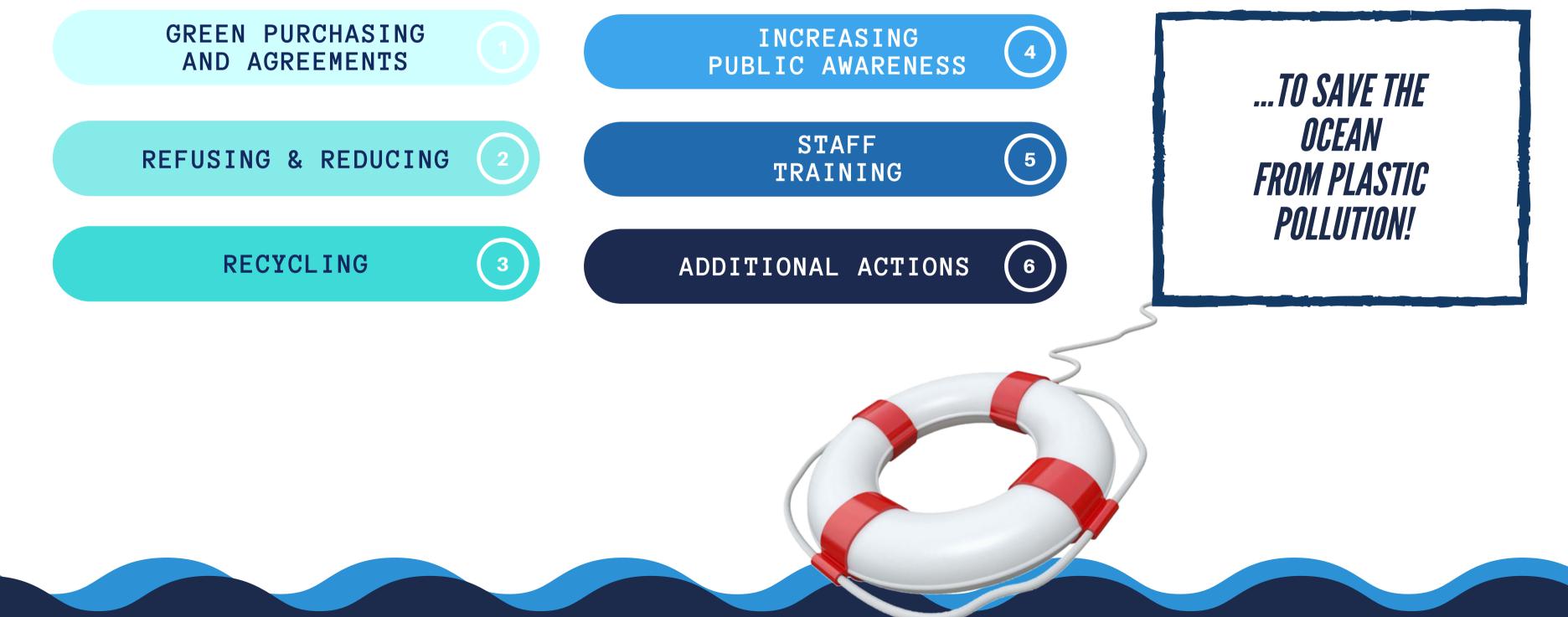
TO REDUCE PLASTIC WASTE



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GOOD PRACTICES...







GREEN PURCHASING AND AGREEMENTS

It all starts with what you bring on board. Buy environmentally friendly products and services and include environmental parameters in your purchasing terms and conditions, thus achieving reuse and reduction of plastic products!



Configure contracts with catering and product provision companies to make the ship's supplies 'greener'.





Apply sustainability criteria when evaluating suppliers.





Co-operate with catering companies that can supply locally sourced, seasonal and fairly traded or organic products.

Redefine your purchasing policy to buy more items in bulk, minimizing packaging waste.

GREEN PURCHASING AND AGREEMENTS

It all starts with what you bring on board. Buy environmentally friendly products and services and include environmental parameters in your purchasing terms and conditions, thus achieving reuse and reduction of plastic products!



Avoid small plastic disposable personal containers of care products such shampoo, as conditioner, body wash, lotion, soaps in cabins. Instead, purchase these products in bulk and provide them in refillable dispensers.





single-use condiment Avoid packets, single-use butter, jam, honey packets, sauces, dressings, sugar, salt/pepper etc. in cruise ship kitchens and service areas.





Replace disposable plastic bags with reusable bags for on-board shopping. Offer passengers the option to purchase reusable bags at a nominal price or even include a branded reusable bag as a gift in each cabin.

Avoid trash can liners. If you must use trash can liners, then choose biodegradable ones.

GREEN PURCHASING AND AGREEMENTS

It all starts with what you bring on board. Buy environmentally friendly products and services and include environmental parameters in your purchasing terms and conditions, thus achieving reuse and reduction of plastic products!



Avoid single-use cutlery. If you must use them, purchase edible cutlery made of millet, rice and wheat - Eat with it and then Eat it!





Avoid using stir sticks. If stir sticks are necessary, use those made of wood or biodegradable materials.





Avoid using cocktail garnish picks.





It all starts with what you bring on board. Buy environmentally friendly products and services and include environmental parameters in your purchasing terms and conditions, thus achieving reuse and reduction of plastic products!



Source eco-friendly water bottles for passengers to utilize during their stay instead of using plastic cups or single-use plastic bottles.



Reduce the use of plastic aprons used by staff, or use fabric ones instead.





Reduce the quantity of plastic by choosing alternatives made of reusable or more environmentally friendly materials!



Use straws only if necessary and avoid including them in drinks unless the passengers ask for them. Replace disposable plastic straws with straws made of paper, stainless steel, bamboo, or even baked macaroni.





Use take-away plastic cup lids only if necessary, or if your passengers ask for them.





Offer your passengers filtered tap water rather than water in plastic bottles (ex. water fountain with UV filters).



RECYCLING

Separate your waste and recycle!



Place small recycling bins in corridors outside cruise ship cabins, accompanied by waste a management information card. Thus, passengers will become more aware of your sustainability efforts encouraged and will be to participate in the cruise ship waste management recycling and programs.





Install recycling bins for staff and cruise ship activities, located in steward stations, galley and crew areas, room service pantries and bar pantries.



Install recycling bins with clear labels (PMD, paper, glass, organic, batteries, electric & electronical equipment) in areas accessible to passengers.



Separately collect food waste to be sent for composting.

RECYCLING

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Separate your waste and recycle!



Recycle used cooking oil on board, i.e. convert it into biodiesel to power cruise ship machinery, or separately collect it and send it for recycling via port reception facilities.



Dispose of your separately collected recyclable waste at ports with appropriate port reception facilities.





INCREASING PUBLIC AWARENESS







Encourage passengers to join your efforts: Charge a small deposit for plastic cups and return when customers bring back their empty cup. Offer beverages at reduced price if passengers bring their own mug or flask.





Share your cruise ship practices to reduce marine litter through your website and social media or at an info kiosk in the lobby area.







Inform customers about the coastal ecosystem and the effect of marine litter on it by posting relevant information on a table, a TV screen on your website or on social media.

Post the Environmental Policy you apply in the departments and in the cabins of the cruise ship.

INCREASING PUBLIC AWARENESS





Encourage staff and passengers to participate in environmentallyoriented, 'green' activities at the ports of call at no additional cost to passengers. (e.g. work with organizations to rescue animals, restore a garden damaged by a hurricane, clean parks, clean beaches/seabed, etc.).



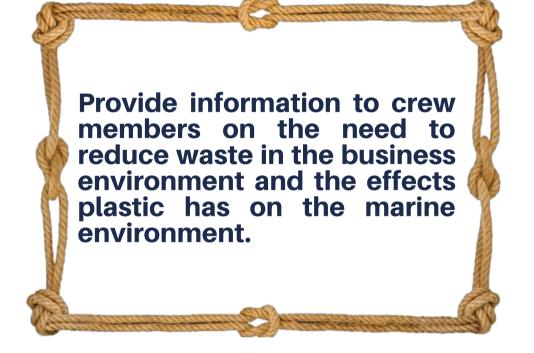


Collect various reusable materials, which can be used in the cruise ship playground as an educational game, where children can make various decorative handmade creations (creating plant pots from reusable plastic bottles).



Train crew members on sustainability issues and plastic waste reduction!

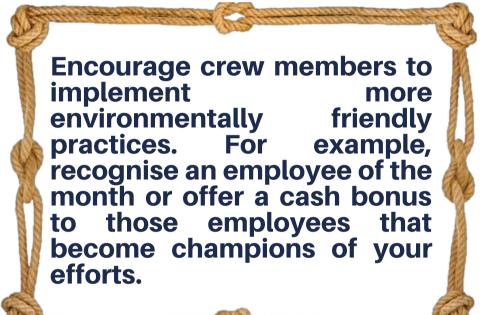
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Require cruise line employees to attend a training course on shipboard waste management and recycling practices (what is recycled, which bin, etc.).















Place a library in the lobby area where used books will be left and borrowed by passengers.

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Donate furniture, linens, small appliances, kitchenware, clothes etc. to charities, instead of sending them to landfill.





Donate reusable materials to atneed communities at ports of call.

Collaborate with non-governmental organizations and support their actions e.g. collaborate with AKTI to recycle used cooking oil (Tiganokinisi) etc. supporting the circular economy. In the cruise industry, the circular economy aims to increase resource productivity and minimize waste generation, pollution and carbon emissions.



Looking for more ideas on how to become a more Environmentally Responsible Cruise Ship?

Contact Us:

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The Initiative benefits from the support of Beyond Plastic Med (www.beyondplasticmed.org)









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The only way to reduce plastic waste and specifically single-use plastics generated on cruise ships is to change the corporate culture from the top!

